

SPECIAL PURPOSE ACQUISITION COMPANIES

De-SPAC Risk Specialists: Covering the Entire SPAC Lifecycle

Special Purpose Acquisition Companies (SPACs) raised **upwards of \$80 billion** in 2020. But risks don't stop after the IPO. Marsh's SPAC risk specialists can help SPACs identify insurance solutions to protect themselves, their targets, and the personal assets of directors and officers during the de-SPAC process.

Under its incorporating documents, a SPAC typically has 24 months from the date of its IPO to either find a suitable target company or liquidate and return funds to investors. Negotiating a merger agreement, commencing due diligence, closing a reverse merger, and operating as a new public company may present multiple risks to directors and officers and their personal assets.

Directors and officers liability (D&O) policy terms typically align with the SPAC's due diligence period. Once a target has been identified, Marsh's SPAC risk specialists will partner with clients to conduct insurance diligence, begin negotiations for new programs, and evaluate options for run-off of prior programs while ensuring coverage for prior acts of the SPAC and its target.

The reverse merger that allows a private company to become a listed entity through a SPAC is typically a simpler, shorter, less expensive, and less market-condition-dependent process than a traditional IPO. But there can be unintended consequences and sources of liability for both the SPAC and its target, including, but not limited to:



Breakdown of negotiations with a target company.



Objections by the target company's shareholders.



Masquerading public shell companies.



Private investment in public entity (PIPE) funding.



Post-merger stock selloff.



Lack of demand for post-merger shares.



Limited public company preparedness and experience.



Secondary public offerings.



De-SPAC performance and financial issues.



Addressing Post-IPO Risks

Marsh is the insurance partner for more than 30% of the SPACs that have emerged from IPO in the last 18 months, managing risk for more than \$20 billion in assets for SPAC clients.

Regardless of a SPAC's pre-IPO insurance relationships, Marsh's SPAC specialists can help you manage your risk during the de-SPAC process, which typically commences between two and four months prior to the transaction close, depending on the history and shareholder base of the target and deal structure.

Insurance Considerations in a Reverse Merger (De-SPAC)

A SPAC must conduct appropriate diligence regarding its target to ensure it is free from pending liabilities and not shopping for a new owner to take possession of deal warts.

Although the number of SPAC-related securities class action claim settlements reached in the last 10 years has been limited, this is partially due to only a small percentage of SPACs completing the de-SPAC process. Litigation, however, has occurred after the business combination, and typically alleges poor due diligence (for example, discovering that the target company's financials were not accurate or their business prospects were misleading after the business combination).

Marsh is uniquely positioned to be a SPAC's risk advisor through the de-SPAC process and for the post-close new company by leveraging:

- Pre-acquisition insurance and risk management due diligence.
- Insurance capital solutions to address deal risks including representations and warranties, environmental, and tax.
- · Deep industry knowledge from more than 20 global groups providing industry-specific experience and insights.

- Customized insurance and risk solutions for the post-close entity, ensuring a smooth transition from SPAC to an operating company.
- · Cost-savings and innovative risk financing strategies.
- · Claims advocacy.
- Global insurance market access and an understanding of local insurance requirements for global operating companies.
- Enterprise and operational risk measurement and optimization.
- · Digital capabilities.

Sponsors that remain engaged following business combination can provide the public company with experienced officers and directors. This can be particularly beneficial when a target may have limited experience with the regulatory and compliance requirements of being a public company, and may ensure that appropriate and cost effective insurance is an essential risk management tool.



(AS) 30% OF SPACS ARE MARSH CLIENTS



PROTECTING \$20 billion IN SPAC ASSETS



INDUSTRY-SPECIFIC PRACTICES **SUPPORTING CLIENTS**

Contact our specialists to learn more.

ANDREW FISCELLA Vice President andrew.fiscella@marsh.com

M. MACHUA MILLETT Managing Director machua.millett@marsh.com JACQUELINE QUINTAL Managing Director jacqueline.quintal@marsh.com

Marsh is one of the Marsh & McLennan Companies, together with Guy Carpenter, Mercer, and Oliver Wyman.

This document and any recommendations, analysis, or advice provided by Marsh (collectively, the "Marsh Analysis") are not intended to be taken as advice regarding any individual situation and should not be relied upon as such. The information contained herein is based on sources we believe reliable, but we make no representation or warranty as to its accuracy. Marsh shall have no obligation to update the Marsh Analysis and shall have no liability to you or any other party arising out of this publication or any matter contained herein. Any statements concerning actuarial, tax, accounting, or legal matters are based solely on our experience as insurance brokers and risk consultants and are not to be relied upon as actuarial, tax, accounting, or legal advice, for which you should consult your own professional advisors. Any modeling, analytics, or projections are subject to inherent uncertainty, and the Marsh Analysis could be materially affected if any underlying assumptions, conditions, information, or factors and the material forms are subject to inherent uncertainty, and the material forms are subject to inherent uncertainty, and the material forms are subject to inherent uncertainty, and the material forms are subject to inherent uncertainty, and the material forms are subject to inherent uncertainty, and the material forms are subject to inherent uncertainty, and the material forms are subject to inherent uncertainty, and the material forms are subject to inherent uncertainty, and the material forms are subject to inherent uncertainty, and the material forms are subject to inherent uncertainty, and the material forms are subject to inherent uncertainty, and the material forms are subject to inherent uncertainty, and the material forms are subject to inherent uncertainty, and the material forms are subject to inherent uncertainty, and the material forms are subject to inherent uncertainty and the material forms are subject to inherent uncertainty and the material forms are subject to inherent uncertainty and the material forms are subject to inherent uncertainty and the material forms are subject to inherent uncertainty and the material forms are subject to inherent uncertainty and the material forms are subject to inherent uncertainty and the material forms are subject to inherent uncertainty and the material forms are subject to inherent uncertainty and the material forms are subject to inherent uncertainty and the material forms are subject to inherent uncertainty and the material forms are subject to inherent uncertainty and the material forms are subject to inherent uncertainty and the material forms are subject to inherent uncertainty and the material forms are subject to inherent uncertainty and the material forms are subject to inherent uncertainty and the material forms are subject to inherent uncertaare inaccurate or incomplete or should change. Marsh makes no representation or warranty concerning the application of policy wording or the financial condition or solvency of insurers or reinsurers. Marsh makes no assurances regarding the availability, cost, or terms of insurance coverage. Although Marsh may provide advice and recommendations, all decisions regarding the amount, type or terms of $coverage \ are\ the\ ultimate\ responsibility\ of\ the\ insurance\ purchaser,\ who\ must\ decide\ on\ the\ specific\ coverage\ that\ is\ appropriate\ to\ its\ particular\ circumstances\ and\ financial\ position.$